

Centre Number						Candidate Number				
Surname										
Other Names										
Candidate Signature										

For Examiner's Use	
Examiner's Initials	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
TOTAL	



General Certificate of Education  
Advanced Subsidiary Examination  
June 2011

**Mathematics**  
Unit Statistics 1A

**MS/SS1A/W**

**Statistics**  
Unit Statistics 1A

Friday 20 May 2011 1.30 pm to 2.45 pm

**For this paper you must have:**

- the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

**Time allowed**

- 1 hour 15 minutes

- Instructions**
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
  - Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
  - Answer **all** questions.
  - Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand margin.
  - You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page.
  - Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
  - Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.
  - The **final** answer to questions requiring the use of tables or calculators should normally be given to three significant figures.

- Information**
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
  - The maximum mark for this paper is 60.
  - Unit Statistics 1A has a **written paper and coursework**.

- Advice**
- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.



J U N 1 1 M S / S S 1 A / W 0 1

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** The number of matches in each of a sample of 85 boxes is summarised in the table.

Number of matches	Number of boxes
Less than 239	1
239–243	1
244–246	2
247	3
248	4
249	6
250	10
251	13
252	16
253	20
254	5
255–259	3
More than 259	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>85</b>

- (a) For these data:
- (i) state the modal value; *(1 mark)*
- (ii) determine values for the median and the interquartile range. *(3 marks)*
- (b) Given that, on investigation, the 2 extreme values in the above table are 227 and 271, calculate estimates of the mean and the standard deviation. *(4 marks)*
- (c) For the numbers of matches in the 85 boxes, suggest, with a reason, the most appropriate measure of spread. *(2 marks)*

QUESTION  
PART  
REFERENCE

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4 Emma visits her local supermarket every Thursday to do her weekly shopping.

The event that she buys orange juice is denoted by  $J$ , and the event that she buys bottled water is denoted by  $W$ . At each visit, Emma may buy neither, or one, or both of these items.

- (a) Complete the table of probabilities, printed below, for these events, where  $J'$  and  $W'$  denote the events 'not  $J$ ' and 'not  $W$ ' respectively. (3 marks)
- (b) Hence, or otherwise, find the probability that, on any given Thursday, Emma buys either orange juice or bottled water but not both. (2 marks)
- (c) Show that:
  - (i) the events  $J$  and  $W$  are **not** mutually exclusive;
  - (ii) the events  $J$  and  $W$  are **not** independent. (3 marks)

QUESTION  
PART  
REFERENCE

(a)

	$J$	$J'$	<b>Total</b>
$W$			0.65
$W'$	0.15		
<b>Total</b>		0.30	1.00











**6 (a)** Three airport management trainees, Ryan, Sunil and Tim, were each instructed to select a random sample of 12 suitcases from those waiting to be loaded onto aircraft.

Each trainee also had to measure the volume,  $x$ , and the weight,  $y$ , of each of the 12 suitcases in his sample, and then calculate the value of the product moment correlation coefficient,  $r$ , between  $x$  and  $y$ .

- Ryan obtained a value of  $-0.843$ .
- Sunil obtained a value of  $+0.007$ .

Explain why neither of these two values is likely to be correct. (2 marks)

**(b)** Peggy, a supervisor with many years' experience, measured the volume,  $x$  cubic feet, and the weight,  $y$  pounds, of each suitcase in a random sample of 6 suitcases, and then obtained a value of 0.612 for  $r$ .

- Ryan and Sunil each claimed that Peggy's value was different from their values because she had measured the volumes in cubic feet and the weights in pounds, whereas they had measured the volumes in cubic metres and the weights in kilograms.
- Tim claimed that Peggy's value was almost exactly half his calculated value because she had used a sample of size 6 whereas he had used one of size 12.

Explain why neither of these two claims is valid. (2 marks)

**(c)** Quentin, a manager, recorded the volumes,  $v$ , and the weights,  $w$ , of a random sample of 8 suitcases as follows.

$v$	28.1	19.7	46.4	23.6	31.1	17.5	35.8	13.8
$w$	14.9	12.1	21.1	18.0	19.8	19.2	16.2	14.7

**(i)** Calculate the value of  $r$  between  $v$  and  $w$ . (3 marks)

**(ii)** Interpret your value in the context of this question. (2 marks)

QUESTION  
PART  
REFERENCE

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