

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Science B 4462 / Physics 4451

PHY1F Unit Physics 1

Mark Scheme

2008 examination - January series

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Question 1

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	electric drill C		1
	MP3 player E		1
	toaster B		1
(b)(i)	2100	no unit required / ignore units	1
		accept 2.1 kW must have units for this	
(ii)	Y		1
(iii)	bar drawn with any height greater than Y	ignore width of bar	1
(c)(i)	any one from:	answers must be a comparison	1
	holds more water	do not accept 1 litre of water on its own	
	• works in other countries	accept a named country	
	• boils faster	accept works at 2 voltages	
	• has a more powerful element	do not accept 1 kW element on its own	
	• can filter water	ignore can wash filter	

Question 1 continued on the next page

Question 1 continued

(ii)	any one from:answers must be a comparison or state why the chosen feature is an advantage• smaller to packaccept boils enough for one drink	1
total		8

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	digital	correct answer only	1
(ii)	(visible) light	answer in either order	1
	infra red	accept IR	1
(b)(i)	25 (%)	do not accept ¹ / ₄	1
(ii)	increases		1
(c)	tick (\checkmark) in top and bottom box	both required	1
(d)	SHINY surfaces are good reflectors of infra-red radiation or	accept white for shiny	1
	black surfaces are POOR reflectors of infra-red radiation or black surfaces are good EMITTERS of infra-red radiation or black surfaces are good ABSORBERS of infra red radiation	accept bad for poor accept insertion of 'not' before 'good' in statement	
total			7

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	Р		1
(ii) A	Q		1
(b) G	3 lines correct aluminium cardboard lead gamma beta alpha	allow 1 mark for 1 correct line two lines drawn from any source or box – both incorrect	2
(c)(i)	К		1
(ii)	56	accept 50 – 60 inclusive	1
(iii)	К		1
(iv)	to inject tracer		1
total			8

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	less / no <u>light</u> pollution	accept no / fewer streetlights	1
	less cloud cover / above clouds		1
	less atmospheric pollution	accept air for atmospheric	1
		accept idea of thinner atmosphere	
(b)	microwave	correct answer only	1
(c)	the atmosphere absorbs X-rays		1
total			5

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	any two from:		2
	• (burning) fossil fuels produces greenhouse gases / pollutant gases /	accept a named fossil fuel	
	acid rain / leads to global warming	accept a named pollutant gas	
	nuclear fuels produce dangerous waste	accept radioactive for dangerous	
		accept reference to dangers of nuclear fuels	
	• fossil fuels are non-renewable	accept running out of fuels	
	• renewable energy resources produce no pollutant gases		
	• large amounts of energy are available	accept renewable won't run out	
	• <u>running</u> costs are low	accept any reasonable benefit of renewables	
		accept any reasonable drawback of non-renewables	
		do not accept better for the environment on its own	
(b)	RUST	all in correct order	3
		allow 2 marks for 2 correct	
		allow 1 mark for one correct	
total			5

Question 6

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	any one from: • coal	do not accept fossil fuels	1
	oil	accept diesel	
	• (natural) gas	accept biofuel or a named biofuel eg wood / straw	
		accept household / industrial waste owtte	
(ii)	0.3	accept 30%	2
		if 2 marks not awarded then:	
		allow 1 mark for 30 (without%)	
		allow 1 mark for 0.3 with a unit or %	
		allow 1 mark for identification of energy input and output eg. 20 sq input and 6 sq output or 4 sq input and 1.2 sq output or 40 sq input and 12 sq output	
		even if subsequent working incorrect allow 1 mark for correct expression of 1.2 over 4 or 12 over 40 or 6 over 20 (squares)	
(iii)	(nuclear) fission	accept fision provided it is not fusion	1

Question 6 continues on the next page

Question 6 continued

question	answers	extra information	mark
(b)(i)	small proportion of <u>energy / power</u> is wasted	accept little / less <u>energy / power</u> / <u>heat i</u> s wasted	1
		do not accept it wastes no <u>energy</u> / <u>power</u>	
	or		
	transfers most / more / a lot of <u>energy</u> <u>power</u> usefully		
(ii)	it decreases the current / uses low current		1
	or		
	<i>it</i> increases the voltage / potential difference	accept pd for potential difference	
	or		
	uses high voltage / potential difference		
	smaller the current the smaller the energy loss	accept power / heat for energy	1
(c)(i)	as a control	accept to make a comparison	1
		do not accept fair test on its own	
(c)(ii)	so people know how much data the link was based on	accept idea that larger numbers are better	1
	or		
	people can <u>judge</u> the significance / reliability of the link	do not accept significance / reliability on its own	
		ignore reference to accuracy	

Question 6 continues on the next page

Question 6 continued

question	answers	extra information	mark
(iii)	other possible factors may be responsible or		1
	have not been investigated named factor eg environment / genetic		1
(iv)	first box ticked plus reason	acceptable reason such as so people know there may be a risk as soon as possible / so that other scientists can	1
	or	use findings	
	second box plus reason	acceptable reason such as no point to worry / confuse / panic people (until the research has been confirmed)	
		accept idea that it may lead to wrong advice	
		do not accept in case they are wrong	
total			12