Version 1.0



General Certificate of Education (A-level) January 2011

Mathematics

MS/SS1A/W

(Specification 6360)

Statistics 1A/W



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| М | mark is for method |
|------------|--|
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| А | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| В | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| Е | mark is for explanation |
| or ft or F | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | correct answer only |
| CSO | correct solution only |
| AWFW | anything which falls within |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to |
| ACF | any correct form |
| AG | answer given |
| SC | special case |
| OE | or equivalent |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks |
| –x EE | deduct <i>x</i> marks for each error |
| NMS | no method shown |
| PI | possibly implied |
| SCA | substantially correct approach |
| c | candidate |
| sf | significant figure(s) |
| dp | decimal place(s) |

Key to mark scheme abbreviations

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

| MS/SS1A/W | | | | | |
|-----------|--|-------|-------|---|--|
| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments | |
| 1(a) | r = 0.757 | B3 | 3 | AWRT (0.75708) | |
| | r = 0.75 to 0.77 | (B2) | | AWFW | |
| | r = 0.65 to 0.85 | (B1) | | AWFW | |
| | or | | | | |
| | Attempt at $\sum x \sum x^2 \sum y \sum y^2$ and $\sum xy$ | | | 271.5 6142.97 1911.9 304650.01 and 43259.17 (all 5 attempted) | |
| | or | (M1) | | | |
| | Attempt at $S_{xx} S_{yy}$ and S_{xy} | | | 0.2825 36.5425 and 2.4325 (all 3 attempted) | |
| | Attempt at substitution into correct corresponding formula for <i>r</i> | (m1) | | | |
| | r = 0.757 | (A1) | | AWRT | |
| (b) | Strong/fairly strong/moderate positive (linear) correlation/relationship/ association/link (but not 'trend') | Bdep1 | | Dependent on $0.65 < r < 0.85$ Or equivalent; must qualify strength and indicate positive Bdep0 for very strong/high/average/ medium/some etc. | |
| | between | | | | |
| | Circumference/size and weight of (cricket) balls | B1 | 2 | Context; providing $0 < r < 1$ | |
| | Total | | 5 | | |

| MS/SS1A/W (cont) | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|----------|-------|--|--|--|
| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments | | |
| 2(a)(i) | $P(M \cap C) = \frac{175}{645} = \frac{35}{129} = 0.271$ | B1 | 1 | AWRT; accept either correct fraction | | |
| (ii) | $P(M) = \frac{519}{645} = \frac{173}{215} = 0.804$ to 0.805 | B1 | 1 | AWFW; accept either correct fraction | | |
| (iii) | $P(LD) = \frac{63}{645} = \frac{21}{215} = 0.097$ to 0.098 | B1 | 1 | AWFW; accept either correct fraction | | |
| (iv) | $P(L F) = \frac{94}{126} = \frac{47}{63}$ = 0.746 | M1 A1 | 2 | Accept $\frac{94}{645} \div \frac{126}{645}$ AWRT | | |
| (b) | $P(L \cap L F) = \left(\frac{94}{126} \times \frac{93}{125}\right) \text{ or } \frac{8742}{15750}$ = 0.555 | B1 B1 | 2 | Or $\left(\frac{47}{63} \times \frac{93}{125}\right)$ or $\frac{4371}{7875}$ or $\frac{1457}{2625}$ AWRT | | |
| (c) | $P(L \cap C \cap (LD + O))$ = $\frac{349}{645} \times \frac{193}{644} \times \frac{63 + 40}{643}$ SC The three correct fractions identified but not multiplied \Rightarrow M1 M0 M0 A0 | M1 M1 | | Correct numerator Correct denominator | | |
| | ×6 or 3 | M1 | | Note that a denominator of $\begin{pmatrix} 645\\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ \Rightarrow M2 (second and third M1 marks) | | |
| | = 0.155 to 0.157 NB: 0.026 with no working \Rightarrow M1 only 0.026×6=0.156 with no working \Rightarrow 4 marks | A1 | 4 | AWFW | | |
| | Total | | 11 | | | |

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| <u>MS/SSIA/W</u> | A/W (cont) | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-------|---|--|--|--|
| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments | | | |
| 3 (a) | Weight, $W \sim N(1018, 10^2)$ | | | | | | |
| (i) | $P(W < 1025) = P\left(Z < \frac{1025 - 1018}{10}\right)$ | M1 | | Standardising (1024.5, 1025 or 1025.5) with 1018 and $(\sqrt{10}, 10 \text{ or } 10^2)$ and/or (1018 - x) | | | |
| | P(Z < 0.7) = 0.758 | A1 | 2 | AWRT (0.75804) | | | |
| (ii) | P(1015 < W < 1030) | | | | | | |
| | = P(W < 1030) - P(W < 1015) | M1 | | Difference of two probabilities May be implied | | | |
| | = P(Z < 1.2) - P(Z < -0.3) | | | | | | |
| | = 0.88493 - (1 - 0.61791) | M1 | | Area change May be implied by answer | | | |
| | = 0.502 to 0.504 | A1 | 3 | AWFW (0.50284) | | | |
| (b) | \overline{W} ~ Normal with $\mu = 1018$ and $\sigma^2 = \frac{100}{24} = 4.1$ to 4.2 or | B1 | | CAO/AWFW (4.16666) | | | |
| | $\sigma = \frac{\sqrt{100}}{\sqrt{24}} = 2.02 \text{ to } 2.05$ | | | CAO/AWFW (2.04124) | | | |
| | $P(\overline{W} > 1015) = P\left(Z > \frac{1015 - 1018}{\frac{10}{\sqrt{24}}}\right)$ | M1 | | Standardising 1015 with 1018 and c's $\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$; not σ | | | |
| | = P(Z > -1.47) = 1 - P(Z < 1.47) | m1 | | Area change May be implied by answer > 0.5 | | | |
| | = 0.927 to 0.932 | A1 | 4 | AWFW (0.92918) | | | |
| | Total | | 9 | | | | |

| MS/SS1A/W (cont) | | | | | |
|------------------|--|--------------|-------|--|--|
| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments | |
| 4(a) | $R \sim B(15, 0.45)$ | | | | |
| (i) | $P(R \le 5) = 0.26(0)$ to 0.261 | B1 | 1 | AWFW (0.2608) | |
| (ii) | $P(R > 10) = 1 - P(R \le 10)$ | | | Requires '1 –' | |
| | =1-(0.9745 or 0.9231) | M1 | | Can be implied by 0.025 to 0.026 but not | |
| | = 0.025 to 0.026 | A1 | 2 | AWFW (0.0255) | |
| (iii) | P(R=6) = 0.4522 - (a)(i) | | | | |
| | $\mathbf{or} = \binom{15}{6} (0.45)^6 (0.55)^9$ | M1 | | Can be implied by a correct answer | |
| | = 0.191 to 0.192 | A1 | 2 | AWFW (0.1914) | |
| (iv) | $P(5 \le R \le 10) = 0.9745 \text{ or } 0.9231 \ (p_1)$ | M1 | | Accept 3dp rounding or truncation $p_2 - p_1 \Rightarrow M0 M0 A0$ $(1 - p_2) - p_1 \Rightarrow M0 M0 A0$ $p_1 - (1 - p_2) \Rightarrow M1 M0 A0$ only providing result > 0 | |
| | Minus 0.1204 or 0.2608 (p_2) = 0.853 to 0.855 Or | M1 A1 | 3 | Accept 3dp rounding or truncation AWFW (0.8541) | |
| | B (15, 0.45) terms stated for at least 3 values within $4 \le R \le 11$ gives probability = 0.853 to 0.855 | (M1) (A2) | | Can be implied by a correct answer AWFW (0.8541) | |
| (b)(i) | P(S) = 0.85 plus 1 minus | B1 | | CAO; requires 'plus' or 'minus' | |
| | (0.15×0.80) (0.15×0.20) | B1 | 2 | CAO; not simply 0.12 or 0.03 | |
| | = 0.97 | | | AG | |
| | NB: $(0.85 \times 0.20) + (0.85 \times 0.80)$ | | | | |
| | $(0.83 \times 0.20)^{+}(0.83 \times 0.80)^{-}$ | | | | |
| | (0.13×0.00) → D0 D1 | | | | |
| (ii) | $P(S \ge 48) = 0.81$ to 0.82 or 0.5553 | MO | | Accept 3dp rounding or truncation | |
| | or 0.9372 | IVIZ | | for B $(50, 0.03)$ or B $(50, 0.97)$ added | |
| | = $0.81(0)$ to 0.811 NB: Answer = 0.4447 or 0.1892 or $0.0628 \Rightarrow M1$ only | A1 | 3 | AWFW (0.8108) | |
| (iii) | p = 1 - 0.85 = 0.15 | B1 | | CAO; may be implied by correct answer | |
| | Mean, $\mu = 80 \times 0.15 = 12$ | B1 | 2 | CAO | |
| | SC Mean = 9.6 \Rightarrow B1 only | | | | |
| | Total | | 15 | | |

| Mark Scheme - General Certificate of Education | n (A-level) Mathematics – Statistics 1A | - January 2011 |
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| MS/SS1A/W (cont) | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments | | |
| 5(a) | <i>b</i> (gradient) = 1.28 (or 141/110) <i>b</i> (gradient) = 1.25 to 1.35 | B2 (B1) | | AWRT; (CAO or equivalent) (1.28182) AWFW Treat rounding of correct answers as ISW | | |
| | a (intercept) = 29.95 to 30 (or 659/22) | B2 | | AWFW: (CAO or equivalent) (29.95455) | | |
| | a (intercept) = 29 to 31 | (B1) | | AWFW | | |
| | Thus $y = 30 + 1.28x$ | B1F | 5 | F on <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> | | |
| | or | | | | | |
| | Attempt at $\sum x \sum x^2 \sum y$ and $\sum xy (\sum y^2)$ | | | 275 9625 682 and 20575 (47494) (All four attempted) | | |
| | or | (M1) | | | | |
| | Attempt at S_{xx} and $S_{xy}(S_{yy})$ | | | (Both attempted) | | |
| | Attempt at correct formula for <i>b</i> gradient $128 (-141/110)$ | (m1) | | | | |
| | b (gradient) = 1.28 (or 141/110) a (intercent) = 20.95 to 30 (or 650/22) | (A1) | | AWRI; (CAO or equivalent) | | |
| | Thus $y = 30 + 1.28x$ | (B1F) | | F on a and b | | |
| | Accept <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> interchanged only if identified correctly by a clearly shown equation | | | If a and b are not identified anywhere in the question, then: 1.25 to 1.35 \Rightarrow B1 29 to 30 \Rightarrow B1 | | |
| (b) | 7.45 am $\Rightarrow x = 15$ | B1 | | CAO; stated, used or implied | | |
| | $\Rightarrow y_{15} = 30 + 1.28 \times 15$ | M1 | | Use of $10 < x < 20$ | | |
| | = 47 to 52 | A1 | | AWFW (49.2) | | |
| | Time before 9.00 am = | M1 | | May be implied | | |
| | $9.00 - (7.45 + c's y_{15})$ | | | | | |
| | = 23 to 28 | A1 | 5 | AWFW (25.8) | | |
| | SC Answer of 17 CAO | | | NB: An answer of 8.32 to 8.37 | | |
| | (use of c's $y_{15} = 58$) gains 2 marks | | | gains B1 M1 A1 M0 A0 | | |
| | Total | | 10 | | | |

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| MS/SS1A/W (cont) | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|-------|---|--|
| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments | |
| 6(a)(i) | Mean, $\overline{x} = 20.4$ | B1 | 1 | CAO | |
| (ii) | Standard deviation $s = \sqrt{\frac{400.24}{64}}$ | M1 | | Expression must be seen $(\sqrt{6.25375})$ | |
| | = 2.50 | Al | 2 | AWRT (2.50075) | |
| | NB: $s = \frac{400.24}{64 \text{ or } 65}$ (6.15754 or 6.25375) | (B1) | | No $$ and/or use of divisor <i>n</i> | |
| | or $s = \sqrt{\frac{400.24}{65}} (2.48144)$ | (B1) | | Use of divisor <i>n</i> | |
| (b)(i) | $96\%(0.96) \Rightarrow z = 2.05 \text{ to } 2.06$ | B1 | | AWFW (2.0537) | |
| | CI for μ is $\overline{x} \pm z \times \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$ | M1 | | Used Must have \sqrt{n} with $n > 1$ | |
| | Thus $20.4 \pm 2.0537 \times \frac{2.50}{\sqrt{65 \text{ or } 64}}$ | A1F | | F on \overline{x} and z | |
| | Hence 20.4 ± 0.6 or $(19.8, 21(.0))$ | A1 | 4 | AWRT | |
| (ii) | Times/X are not (known to be) normally distributed | B1 | 1 | Or equivalent Not data, values, sample, <i>n</i> large | |
| (c) | CI in (b)(i) contains/includes 20 thus | B1F | | Or equivalent Dependent on CI in (b)(i) | |
| | no (significant) evidence to support claim | Bdep1 | 2 | Or equivalent Dependent on B1F | |
| | Total | | 10 | | |
| | TOTAL | | 60 | | |