

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MD02 Decision 2

Mark Scheme

2006 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Key To Mark Scheme And Abbreviations Used In Marking

M	mark is for method									
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method									
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy									
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy									
Е	mark is for explanation									
$\sqrt{\text{or ft or F}}$	follow through from previous									
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy							
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read							
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy							
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work							
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work							
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work							
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt							
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate							
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book							
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme							
–x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph							
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate							
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)							
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)							

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

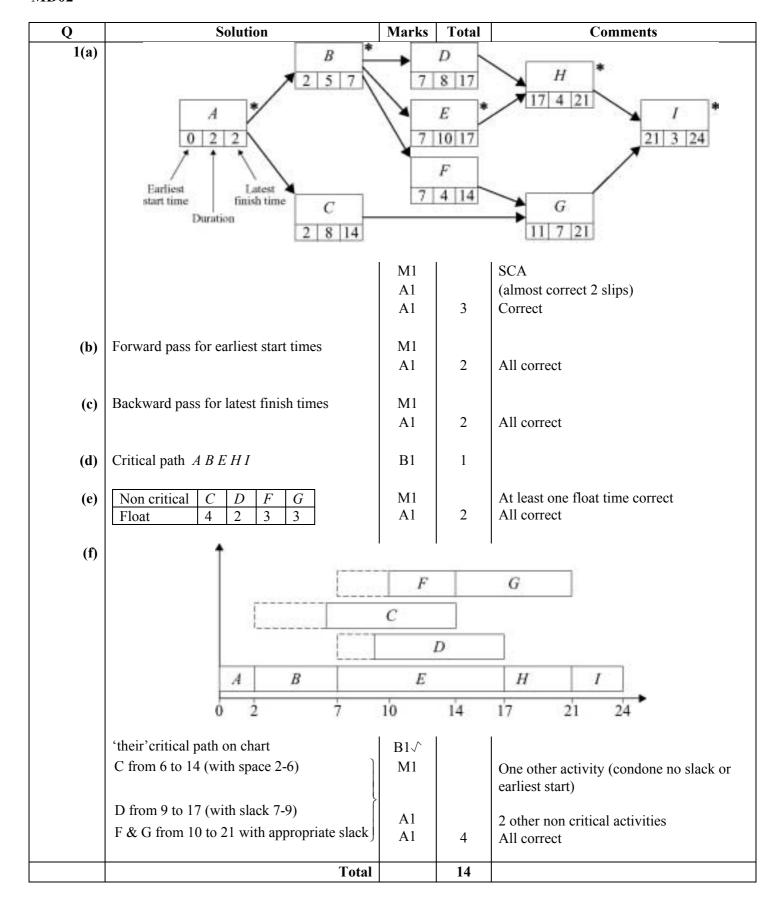
Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MD02



Q Q	Solution						Marks	Total	Comments
2(a)	Add ex	tra ro				al	B1	1	Usually + 25 and below rest
2(a)	Aud CA	aua 10	w with	an va	incs cc	_l uai	Бі	1	18 15 19 20 17 23 24 22 25 23 20 16 18 22 19 21 17 18 23 20 25 25 25 25 25
(b)	Reduce	e colui	mns fir	•et			M1		Do not award if full row of zeros added
(6)	Reduce	P	Q	R	S	T	1711		Do not award if full fow of zeros added
	A	0	0	1	0	0			
	B	5	9	4	5	6			
	C	2	1	0	2	2			
	D	3	2	0	3	3	A1		
	(E)	7	10	7	5	8			
	Reduce	e rows	next				M1		These 2 marks available for those who reduce row first
		0	0	1	0	0			
		1	5	0	1				
		2	1	0	2	2 2 3			
		3	2	0	3				
		2	5	2	0	3	A1√		
									One error only
	Coveri with le	ast en	try ren	naining	g being		M1		SC if full row of zeros, award M1 for
		P	Q 0	R	S	T			further stage of adjustment and A1 for final correct matrix
	A R	0	4	2 0	1 1	<u>0</u> 1	A 1√		ft one error only
	C	1	0			1	A1√		it one error only
	D	2	1	Ŏ	3	2			
	E	1	4	0 0 2	2 3 0	2			
	Match:	A-Ti	im; B-1	Phil; C	C-Quin:	; D-Ros	B1		
			-	-	-	= 74 secs	B1	8	
						Total	Di	9	

MD02 (cont)				
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
3(a)	Working back from H			Alternatively, from A
	Starting from A (network)			
	$B 8^1$ $F 5^2 4^3$	B1		First (stage) costs
	$B 8^1 F 5^2 4^3$	M1		second stage attempt
	$C 7^{4} 6^{2}$ $H 16^{2} 14^{4} 14^{5}$	M1		second stage indicated eg 15 ² etc
	C / 6 H 1/6 14 14	M1		Third stage attempt (two numbers crossed
		1411		out)
		A1		Final value of 14 Dep on M2 earned
	7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	A1	6	All "correct" with 2 clear routes to cost
	$D 9^{1/6} 6^{2/5^3} \qquad G 12^{2/8} 8^4$	Aı	O	of 14
	E 8 ¹			
				(or equivalent in tabular form)
(b)	Min cost = 14	B1		
	ABCFH	B1		
	and ABCDGH	B1	3	
	Total		9	
4(a)	D	B1	1	
(b)	(17 + 25 + 35 + 13 + 12 + 13 = 115)	B1	1	
(c)	$ABD_{\text{max}} = 25$; $GED_{\text{max}} = 12$	B1B1	2	
(c)	TIBE max 23, GBE max 12	БіБі	2	
(d)(i)	R .6 F			
(u)(i)	25 / - 24 7			
	10 30 32 D 146°	M1		Forward and backward flows
	1312 12	M1		Adjusting flows on diagram
	1780 31 4 0 16	M1		Routes and flows in chart
	149	A1		One correct other than ABD, GED
	13 E	A1		Another correct
	P (D) GER GER GE (D) (E)	Aı		Another correct
	Route <i>ABD GED GFD GD AD AFD GEBD</i> Flow 25 12 16 13 17 15 7	Λ1	6	All correct
	Flow 25 12 16 13 17 15 7	A1	O	All correct
(::)	Total = 105	D1		
(ii)	Max flow	B1		
	Max now			

	25 32 19			
	17 17			
	$A \leftarrow A \rightarrow G$	B1	2	
	/31			
	15 16			
	F			
(iii)	Cut through AF, AD, BD, DE, DG, and	M1		Through 3 saturated arcs (fairly generous)
	GF	A1	2	Correct
(e)	Reduce max flow by their EG	M1		Reduce by 4 since everywhere else
(-)	changing 19 to 15			saturated
	\Rightarrow New max = 101	A1	2	Correct answer \Rightarrow 2 marks
	Total		16	
	Iotai		10	

VIDUZ (CONT)						1		
Q		Soluti	on			Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)	$3x + 7y \le 33$			•		M1		One correct inequality, or all using <
	$x+2y \leq 10$							
	$2x + 7y \le 26$					A 1	2	All correct
(b)(i)	Compare $\frac{33}{3}$,	$\frac{10}{1}$, $\frac{26}{2}$				E1		
	Choose smalle pivot = 1	est positi	ve valu	e ⇒		E1	2	
(ii)	$ \begin{array}{cccc} P & x \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hline next y pivot on $	y r -1 0 1 1 2 0 3 0	s 4 -3 1 -2	t 0 0 0	Value 40 3 10 6	M1 A1 A1		Row operation Correct one row (other than pivot row) All correct
	1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$-2\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	42 1 6	m1 A1 A1	7	Row operation Correct one row (other than pivot row) All correct (condone multiples of given
			$-\frac{2}{3}$		2			rows) (maximum 6 if <i>y</i> -pivot used first)
(iii)	No negative n $P_{\text{max}} = 42$ x = 6 $y = 2$	umber in	top ro	w		E1 B1√ B1√	3	ft if M3 scored and optimum reached
					Total		14	

MD02 (cont) Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6(a)	Gain for Rowan +gain for Colleen in each strategy = 0	E1	1	Gain for one = loss of other
(b)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1		minimum of rows & max of columns or maximum of minima or minimax All values correct (seen) or words maximin and minimax highlighted
	$1 \neq -1 \Rightarrow$ no stable solution	E1	3	maximin and minimax inginighted
(c)	R_3 dominates R_1 $(-3, -4, 1) < (-2, -3, 4)$ so never play R_1	E1	1	
(d)(i)	R chooses R_2 with prob p $\Rightarrow \text{choose } R_3 \text{ with prob } 1 - p$ $\Rightarrow \text{expected gain when C plays}$ $C_1: p - 2(1 - p) = 3p - 2$	M1		Attempt at one expression
	C_2 : $5p-3(1-p) = 8p-3$ C_3 : $-p+4(1-p) = 4-5p$ Plot expected gains for $0 \le p \le 1$	A1 M1		All correct unsimplified
	$ \begin{array}{c c} 4 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ -3 \end{array} $	A1		Condone mirror image
	Choosing their "highest" point $C_1 \& C_3$ intersect $\Rightarrow 3p - 2 = 4 - 5p$	M1		Any 2 lines
	$\Rightarrow p = \frac{3}{4}$ $\Rightarrow \text{play R}_2 \text{ with prob } \frac{3}{4}$ and R ₃ with prob $\frac{1}{4}$	A1 E1√	7	Statement of strategy
(ii)	Value of game is $3 \times \frac{3}{4} - 2 = \frac{1}{4}$	B1	1	CSO or equivalent, eg 0.25
	Total		13	
	TOTAL		75	