# AQA 

ASSESSMENT and
QUALIFICATIONS

# General Certificate of Secondary Education 

## Statistics 3311

## Higher Tier

## Mark Scheme <br> 2006 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper..

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## AQA GCSE Statistics

## The following abbreviations are used on the mark scheme:

M Method marks awarded for a correct method.

A Accuracy marks awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary always to see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
M dep A method mark which is dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special Case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe Or equivalent.
eeoo Each error or omission.

## Higher Tier

| 1(a) | More detail of the shape / <br> Distribution of the data | B1 | Shows data more clearly - not enough - B0 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b )}$ | 74 | B1 | Allow 73.5 oe |
| $\mathbf{1 ( c )}$ | 9 correctly placed | B1 | Must be on 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ diagram |


| 2(a) | Leading question - use of word <br> disaster / use of do you agree | B1 | oe $\quad$ Comment on wording of question |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Use of word definitely / no don't <br> know / no maybe / possibly | B1 | oeComment on response section <br> (could be no instruction to tick a box) |
| 2(b) | Fair wording | B1 | egDo you support a wind turbine being <br> built close to the village? oe |
|  | Response boxes giving covering <br> all degrees of response | B1 | Minimum 3 boxes <br> eg $\quad$ Y / N/ maybe |


| $\mathbf{3 ( a )}$ | 8 coordinates correctly plotted | B2 | B1 6 or 7 coordinates correctly plotted |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3 ( b )}$ | Negative | B1 |  |
| $\mathbf{3 ( c )}$ | $144 \div 8$ | M1 |  |
|  | 18 | A 1 |  |
| $\mathbf{3 ( d )}$ | Correct double mean point <br> identified | M1 |  |
| Line touches or cuts arcs on <br> overlay, negative gradient | A1 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3 ( e )}$ | Their 12 | B1ft | ft their straight line (but value must be integer) |
| $\mathbf{3 ( f )}$ | Extrapolation / outside range of <br> data <br> OR <br> Would give negative number of <br> calls | B1 | oe |


| 4(a) | Blue <br> There is one circle out of 5 possibilities | B1 | oe must have reason |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b) | all correct  <br>  $4 / 5$ <br> $3 / 5$ $1 / 5$ <br>  $4 / 5$ <br> $2 / 5$ $1 / 5$ <br> OR  <br>  0.8 <br> 0.6 0.2 <br>  0.8 <br> 0.4 0.2 | B3 | oe <br> B2 2 pairs correct <br> B1 all circle probs correct or all square probs correct or one pair correct <br> SC1 all pairs reversed (squares and circles) |
| 4(c) | Their $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{4}{5}$ | M1 |  |
|  | $\frac{12}{25}$ | A1 | oe |


| 5(a) | Mixed | B1 | Accept Other Black |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b )}$ | $35-30$ | M1 | Accept $30-35$ |
|  | 5 | A1 |  |
| 5(c) | Similarity Under 16 or 35-64 <br> no justification needed <br> OR <br> first 3 groups increase <br> OR <br> 65 and over smallest \% | B1 | Beware incorrect statements about numbers <br> not \%, penalise once |
|  | B1 | Do not allow 'young' or 'old' |  |


| 6(a)(i) | 300 | B1 | or 310 if $n+1$ used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a)(ii) | 470-230 | M1 | 230-235 LQ |
|  | 240 | A1 ft | 235-240 for M1A1 |
| 6(a)(iii) | $\frac{63}{120}$ | M1 | 62-64 inclusive |
|  | $\times 100$ | M1 |  |
|  | 52.5 | A1 ft | Accept 51.6\% - 53.33...\% from their calculations |
| 6(a)(iv) | Read off at $108=£ 540$ | M1 <br> A1 |  |
| 6(b)(i) | Their median is lower | B1 | or Reference lower maximum (must define what they are comparing) |
|  | Their $I Q R$ is smaller | B1 | or Reference the reduced range (must define what they are comparing) |
| 6(b)(ii) | Data from the non-manual sector | B1 | oe eg Obtain data on part-time / full-time / hours worked |
| 6(c)(i) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.42,0 \\ & 0.4167 \text { or } 0.447 \text { acceptable } \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 | M1 for sub, either ft for males females cao |
| 6(c)(ii) | Positive skew, symmetrical | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} 1 \mathrm{ft} \\ \mathrm{~B} 1 \end{gathered}$ | Allow normal |


| 7(a) | $4446 \div 90000$ | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M2 }-4446 \div 90 \\ & \text { M2 digits } 494 \text { seen } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\times 1000$ | M1 |  |
|  | 49 or 49.4(per thousand) | A1 | Allow 4.94(\%), 4.9(\%) or 5(\%) |
| 7(b) | $\frac{1020}{16000} \times 1000$ | M1 |  |
|  | $\times .25$ | M1 | dep |
|  | 15.94, 16.5, 11.31, 7.29 | A1 | Values seen in any form |
|  | 51.029 per 1000 | A1 cao | Accept 51 per 1000 or 51.04 or $5.1 \%$ or $5.104 \%$ must see percent sign |
| 7(c) | Takes account of age differences: Enables comparison | B1 |  |
| 7(d) | Stokeham: lower std. rate | B1 | Accept lower unemployment rate <br> No calculations no marks |


| 8(a) | 124 1820 <br> 341 239 <br> 155 21 | $\begin{gathered} 1944 \\ 580 \\ (176) \end{gathered}$ | B4 | -1 each error or omission |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (620) 2080 | (2700) |  |  |
| 8(b)(i) | $\frac{239}{2700}$ |  | B1ft | or . $0885 \quad 2 \mathrm{dp}$ or better follow through on numerator |
| 8(b)(ii) | $\frac{\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{AB}}{2700}=\frac{859}{2700}$ |  | M1 <br> A1ft | or . 318 |
| 8(b)(iii) | $\frac{1820}{2080}=\frac{7}{8}$ |  | M1 <br> A1 | or . 875 <br> follow through on numerator and denominator |
| 8(c) | $\frac{155}{2700} \times 200=11$ |  | M1 <br> A1ft | (11.48 accept) allow 11.5 ft on numerator only |


| 9(a) | More detail | B1 | More information, pattern, form of distribution |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Equal classes |  | Do not accept easier to read/graph/analyse <br> Not reference to individual classes <br> Not more accurate/more groups or more <br> spread out |  |
| 9(b) | $9 \leq t<12$ <br> $12 \leq t<15$ <br> $10 \leq t<11$ | B1 |  |
| 9(c) | Br. Density <br> $1,2,22,6,3$ | M1 for extras or omissions |  |


| 10(a) | List | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Random Start | B1 |  |
|  | Then ever $9^{\text {th }}$ | B1 |  |
| 10(b) | Only production | B1 | Only one section of the factory |
|  | Only male | B1 |  |
| 10(c)(i) | $\frac{16}{400} \times 50=2$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 cao } \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{SC1}$ for one male and one female |
| 10(c)(ii) | $\frac{24}{400} \times 50=3$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 10(d) | Continuous linear scale Labels <br> Discrete scale (boxes) Labels | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | Not Yes / No <br> Accept good / bad and agree / disagree |
| 10(e)(i) | Plot | B2 | 5 or more correct B1 <br> -1 if inconsistent horizontal scale |
| 10(e)(ii) | Sample 6 | B1 |  |
|  | Justification | B1 | Ref. trend |
| 10(f)(i) | (Data) logging | B1 |  |
| 10(f)(ii) | Accurate | B1 | Avoids human error not cost/people |


| $\mathbf{1 1 ( a )}$ | $\frac{\sum f x}{\sum f}=\frac{747}{120}=6.225$ | M1, A1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\sum f x^{2}=7201$ | M1 |  |
|  | Formula $\sigma=4.61$ | M1, A1 | or 4.63 for $(n-1)$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( b ) ( i ) ~}$ | Mean $\uparrow$ by 2 | B1 | Increase by 2 must be seen |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( b ) ( i i ) ~}$ | $\sigma$ no change | B1 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( c ) ( i ) ~}$ | Matching curve | B1 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( c ) ( i i ) ~}$ | Mean | B1 |  |
|  | $\pm 3 \sigma$ | B1 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( c ) ( i i i ) ~}$ | $50 \%$ | B1 | Reference the shape |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( c ) ( i v ) ~}$ | Very small | B1 |  |


| 12(a) | $\sum d^{2}=154.5$ <br> formula <br> rank coefficient $=-.839(3)$ | M1, M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | dep dep accept -0.84 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(b) | Negative correlation - rankings reversed - disagrees with expert | B1 | Strict ft from (a) in context |  |
| 12(c)(i) | 0.05:- 0.02 | B1, B1 | -1 for each extra |  |
| 12(c)(ii) | 0.92 | B1 |  |  |
| 12(d) | $\frac{1964000}{107000}$ | M1 | $\frac{1964000}{107000}$ | 1.8355 M 1 |
|  | $\frac{28.278}{107000} \times 196400=51.9$ | M1 | $\times 3^{2}$ M1 | 1.3548 M1 |
|  | $\pi r^{2}=51.9$ | M1 | rt M1 | $\times 3$ M1 dep |
|  | $r^{2}=16.518(9)$ |  |  |  |
|  | $r=4.06$ | A1 | 4.06 A1 | 4.06 A1 |

